Understanding the Impact of Vaping Prevention Messages on Adolescents

Seth M. Noar, PhD Hussman School of Journalism and Media Lineberger Comprehensive Cancer Center University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill



OBJECTIVES



Introduce you to Vaping Prevention Resource



Current research about vaping prevention messages



Best practices for vaping prevention communication

YOUTH TOBACCO USE



Smoking in Past 30 days (HS students)





VAPING PREVENTION RESOURCE



Supporting health practitioners and communities



Kurt Ribisl, PhD

Founders



Seth Noar, PhD



Hannah Prentice-Dunn, MPH

MEDIA GALLERY

950

ITEMS IN MEDIA GALLERY



Refine your search	reset filters	Media Gallery		
Item Format	\sim	Showing 143 results out of 143 to	tal items	
What is the intended medi channel for this item?	a V	, e-free	gurti vinc.one	
Target Audience	\sim	203	17-1-1	
Target Audience: Age Group	\sim		DON'T GET FOOLED BY BIG VAPE	WANT TO SAVE \$600 A YEAR? CUT OUT VAPING Seat "Start My Dat"
Target Audience: Special Populations	\sim	In these (is conting & opport are now flags for any notice solution when a sinicar present. Visitations will be fined	AND INCIT Address Trease lands.	The NOT-RELEVANCE TO
Language	\sim		#QUITLYING	Young Man with W
Year Produced	\sim	Smoke-Free Ride When	Educate Yourself -	National Jewish Heal image (PDF)
Source Organization	\sim	Keiki Inside	Don't Get Fooled	
	_		harry () to all second	
	-) -	
_//		×.		~
11			and the second s	

CURRENT RESEARCH



 Communication campaigns are an evidence-based approach to preventing tobacco use

> Yet we are still learning what kinds of messages are effective in discouraging vaping among youth



STUDY 1



Understand the influence of **vaping prevention message features** on adolescents' perceived message effectiveness (PME) **STUDY 2**



Evaluate the impact of *the FDA's Real Cost video ads* on adolescents' susceptibility to vaping



Study Phases



I: Content Analysis

- Print/web vaping prevention messages from VPR (n=220)
- Code objective message features



II: Survey Study

- Conduct study on adolescent perceptions of the messages
- Examine associations between objective message features and adolescent perceptions (PME)

STUDY 1: Coding Categories + Examples

Message themes

 addiction, chemicals, flavors, environment, cost

<u>Imagery</u>

• e-cigarette, warning, faces, animals, food

Text features

- hashtag, question, statistic
 <u>Message perspective</u>
- you, I, we, teen Other features
- source, vivid colors, meme



Kresovich et al. (2021)

STUDY 1: Phase I - Message Coding

Example of Coding



- Nicotine/addiction theme
- Vaping device images
- Vaping accessory image (pod)
- Health symptoms
- Second-person ("you")



- Industry targeting theme
- Use of #
- Bright/vivid color
- First-person ("we")

Kresovich et al. (2021)

STUDY 1: PHASE II - Survey Study

- Each participant rated 7 messages from the pool of 220 messages
- The 7 messages were presented in a random order
- Adolescents rated each message on perceived message effectiveness (PME)

How much does this ad... (Noar et al., 2023) ...make you worry about what vaping will do to you? ...make you think vaping is a bad idea? ...discourage you from vaping? (1 = not at all, 5 = a great deal)

STUDY 1: PHASE II - Survey Study

Participants









Online, national sample of *N*=1,532 adolescents 13-17 years old

70.7% White 22.5% Black/African American 20.3% Hispanic/Latino 51.6% female 48.4% male

30% Past 30-day users44% Susceptible to use26% Non-susceptible to use

Boynton et al. (2022)

STUDY 1: ANALYSIS

Computed multi-level model analyses controlling for demographics

Examined the presence of each message feature on PME
 Positive effect: presence of feature associated with higher PME
 Negative effect: presence of feature associated with lower PME

FEATURE HAD POSITIVE EFFECT ON PME



Content

Water vapor	.17**
Unknown ingredients	.25**
Nicotine addiction	.25**
Death	.25**
Cigarette comparison	.31**
Health symptoms	.37**
Health effects on	.40**
brain or lungs	
Chemicals	.42**
Gateway to smoking	.55**

FEATURE HAD POSITIVE EFFECT ON PME



Content

Water vapor	.17**
Unknown ingredients	.25**
Nicotine addiction	.25**
Death	.25**
Cigarette comparison	.31**
Health symptoms	.37**
Health effects on	.40**
brain or lungs	
Chemicals	.42**
Gateway to smoking	.55**

Style	
Poses a question	.09**
Source included	.09**
Second-person	.20**
language ("you")	



FEATURE HAD POSITIVE EFFECT ON PME



Content

Water vapor	.17**
Unknown ingredients	.25**
Nicotine addiction	.25**
Death	.25**
Cigarette comparison	.31**
Health symptoms	.37**
Health effects on	.40**
brain or lungs	
Chemicals	.42**
Gateway to smoking	.55**



Style

.09**

.09** .20**

Poses a question

Source included

Second-person

language ("you")

$\boxed{\bigcirc}$

Imagery

Graphic image	.73**
Warning symbol	.36**
Nicotine symbol	.31**
Cigarette	.30**

Boynton et al (2022) ** *p*<.01

FEATURES HAD NEGATIVE EFFECT ON PME



Content

Industry Targeting	23**
Environmental	32**
Impact	
Flavors	25**

FEATURES HAD **NEGATIVE** EFFECT ON PME



Content

Industry Targeting	23**
Environmental	32**
Impact	
Flavors	25**

Style	
Bright colors	12**
Uses hashtag (#)	20**
Meme format	34**
Uses word teen	21**
Uses first-person	33**
language ("l" or	
"we")	
Uses statistic	38**



Boynton et al (2022) ** *p*<.01

FEATURES HAD **NEGATIVE** EFFECT ON PME



Content

Industry Targeting	23**
Environmental	32**
Impact	
Flavors	25**



Style

Bright colors	12**
Uses hashtag (#)	20**
Meme format	34**
Uses word teen	21**
Uses first-person	33**
language ("l" or	
"we")	
Uses statistic	38**



Imagery

Face	20**
Food	38**

Boynton et al (2022) ** *p*<.01

STUDY 2

Research Questions

- Do FDA's Real Cost vaping prevention video ads reduce susceptibility to vaping?
 - Do health harms or nicotine addiction ads have greater impact?



STUDY 2: Randomized Controlled Trial (RCT)

Participants

Adolescents aged 13-17, screened susceptible to vaping

Design

3-week RCT with weekly ad exposures

Primary Outcome

Susceptibility to vaping (3-item scale) at Visit 4

STUDY 2: STIMULI



Noar et al. (2022)

STUDY 2: RCT Design



STUDY 2: Results

Susceptibility to Vaping



Noar et al. (2022)

STUDY 2: Results

At Visit 4, Real Cost trial arms (compared to control) also had:

- More negative attitudes towards vaping
- Higher health harm risk beliefs about vaping
- Higher addiction risk beliefs about vaping
- Reduced vaping behavior
- Lower susceptibility to <u>smoking cigarettes</u>
- More negative attitudes about <u>smoking cigarettes</u>

Noar et al. (2022)



Health harms vs. Nicotine addiction

No difference between the two *Real Cost* trial arms on the primary outcome (susceptibility to vaping at Visit 4)

Noar et al. (2022)

NEXT STEPS - VIDEO ADS

What makes an effective vaping prevention video ad?Content features

Themes

Thematic elements

Executional features

Format

🗠 Visual

🗠 Audio

What are ideal combinations of ad features?

Theme

Damage to relationships





Nicotine addiction

Health effects

Future aspirations



Characters



Animal

Format



Setting



Length



Animal

Imagery



EVIDENCE-BASED RECOMMENDATIONS





BEST PRACTICES

PRACTICES TO AVOID OR **USE WITH CAUTION**





- Specific chemicals
- Health effects
- Consequences of addiction
- Comparing vaping to smoking





- Specific chemicalsHealth effects
- Consequences of addiction
- Comparing vaping to smoking



Style

 Second-person language ("you")
 Credible information (with sources)





- Specific chemicals
 Health effects
- Consequences of addiction
- Comparing vaping to smoking



Style

 Second-person language ("you")
 Credible information (with sources)



Imagery

- Graphic images Warning symbols
- Cigarette imagery

PROMISING MESSAGES

Some e-cigarette pods, such as Juul, contain 20x more nicotine than a single regular cigarette.



Rated highly on PME (*M* = 3.92 – 4.33)





Flavor contentIndustry targetingEnvironmental impact

PRACTICES TO AVOID OR USE WITH CAUTION



Content

Flavor contentIndustry targetingEnvironmental impact



Style

- Taking teens' perspective and voice (no first-person)
- Memes or hashtags
- General statistics

PRACTICES TO AVOID OR USE WITH CAUTION



Content

Flavor contentIndustry targetingEnvironmental impact



Style

- Taking teens' perspective and voice (no first-person)
- Memes or hashtags
- General statistics



Imagery

Food or animals

"NOT" PROMISING MESSAGES



Rated highly on PME (M = 2.07 - 2.39)

BEST PRACTICES

Fact Sheet



vapingprevention.org





THANK YOU!

Research Team:

Marcy Boynton Noel T. Brewer Nisha C. Gottfredson Bonjoo Gu Marissa G. Hall Youjin Jang Talia Kieu Sarah Kowitt Alex Kresovich Rachel Kurtzman Cocoli Haijing Ma Hannah Prentice-Dunn Jacob Rohde. Kurt Ribisl Caroline Ritchie Jennifer Mendel Sheldon Rhyan N. Vereen

> UNC HUSSMAN SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM AND MEDI

Funding:

These projects were supported by grants R01CA246600, R01DA049155, and U54DA060049 from the National Cancer Institute, National Institute on Drug Abuse, and FDA Center for Tobacco Products. The content is solely the responsibility of the authors and does not necessarily represent the official views of the NIH or the FDA.

Disclosures:

Seth Noar has served as a paid expert witness in litigation against tobacco and e-cigarette companies.

Contact:

noar@unc.edu





REFERENCES

Boynton, M., Sanzo, N., Brothers, W., Kresovich, A., Sutfin, E. L., Sheeran, P., & Noar, S. M. (2022). Perceived effectiveness of objective elements of vaping prevention messages among adolescents. *Tobacco Control*, 32, e228-e235.

- Kresovich, A., Sanzo, N., Brothers, W., Prentice-Dunn, H., Boynton, M. H., Sutfin, E. L., Sheeran, P., & Noar, S. M. (2022). What's in the message? An analysis of themes and features used in vaping prevention messages. *Addictive Behaviors Reports*, *15*, 100404.
- Noar, S. M., Gottfredson, N. C., Vereen, R. N., Kurtzman, R., Sheldon, J. M., Adams, E., Hall, M. G., & Brewer, N. T. (2023). Development of the UNC perceived message effectiveness scale for youth. *Tobacco Control*, 32(5), 553-558.
- Noar, S. M., Gottfredson, N. C., Kieu, T., Rohde, J. A., Hall, M. G., Ma, H., Fendinger, N. J., & Brewer, N. T. (2022). Impact of vaping prevention advertisements on US adolescents: A randomized clinical trial. JAMA Network Open, 5(10), e2236370.